

Using autochthonous microorganisms to decontaminate post-mining water



Joanna LENARCZYK¹, Jolanta PIĄTEK¹, Bartosz KULIG¹, Andrzej CHLEBICKI¹, Konrad WOŁOWSKI^{1*},
Grzegorz BOCZKAL², Paweł PAŁKA²; Wojciech SPISAK³, Jarosław KOZAK³, Mateusz SZAR³,
Leszek PIETRZAK³; Marcin WĘGLARZ⁴, Agnieszka JASIŃSKA⁴, Izabela JANUS⁴

¹W. Szafer Institute of Botany, Kraków; ²AGH University of Krakow; ³Research and Development
Centre "ALCOR" Opole; ⁴Spółka Restrukturyzacji Kopalń S.A., Bytom

* k.wolowski@botany.pl

THE AIM OF THE STUDY: is to model autochthonous algae communities for self-purification of post-mining waters using biological starters.

RESEARCH AREA: the Upper Silesian Coal Basin

- two stations discharging post-mining water:

- a) Bolko Pumping Station in Bytom and
- b) Saturn Pumping Station in Czeladź.



Copyright © Free Vector Maps.com

TAXONOMIC RECOGNITION:

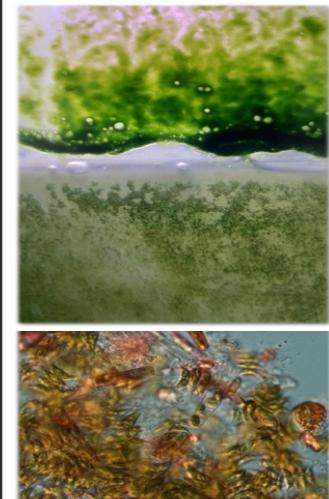
1. *Achnanthidium minutissimum*, 2. *Navicula phyllepta*, 3. *Gomphonema minutum*,
4. *Fragillaria gracilis*, 5. *Pinnularia frequentis*, 6. *Epithemia operculata*, 7. *Pinnularia appendiculata*,
8. *Klebsormidium dissectum*, 9. *Mougeotia sp.*



CONCLUSIONS: the basis for the development of epilithic communities, apart from bacteria, are diatoms; On the basis of autochthonous algae, fouling algae communities can be modelled in order to increase their share in water self-purification; mixed-species biofilm has higher tolerance and removal ability than pure culture.

LABORATORY STUDY AND RESULTS:

Algae growth in photobioreactor (aeration, temperature, photoperiod control).



- Splash zone → *Klebsormidium sp.*
- Wall → *Diatoms* *Klebsormidium sp.*
- Bottom → *Tetrasdesmus sp.* *Klebsormidium sp.* *Diatoms*



The most favourable zone for the development of communities is the spray zone, i.e. the border zone between the aquatic and terrestrial environment.



THE UNIVERSAL MEASURING PROBE

- based on the "set it and forget it" principle,
- solar power supply,
- communication basen on LoRaWAN system,
- user has access to their data in real time,

MEASUREMENTS:

- water colour spectrum (400–940 nm),
- turbidity, • water and air temp., • TDS,
- surface exposure, • atmospheric pressure,
- and other parameters if required.

